The Arctic is not fake news!

1.3.2023



Teaching fact-checking 1.

Erasmus Plus project on Fact-checking 2020-2022

Pilot course Online Civics for Fact-checking, March 2022 8 students from the Tampere University and University of Lapland Home assignment: Learning games on disinformation

Games are an excellent tool to learn about disinformation. Let's test some of them.

Familiarize with two of the following games by next Tuesday 1st March. Think about their use and utility in teaching media education: for which purposes you could use these games? What do you like about them?

Prepare yourself to discuss these games and give your opinion on them in the learning session.

https://www.fakeittomakeitgame.com/

http://factitious-pandemic.augamestudio.com/#/

https://www.getbadnews.com/en

https://trollfactory.yle.fi/

SOME FEEDBACK FROM STUDENTS

"It was too long, no one played it until the end." (Fakeittomakeit)

"Afterwards it's very important to discuss the games and what you learnt from them. You can't just leave them alone with the game".

"It depends on the age of the pupils. I think that they would need beforehand some clarifications because it takes some time to get into the game."



Teaching fact-checking 2.

Global Media Education, autumn 2023

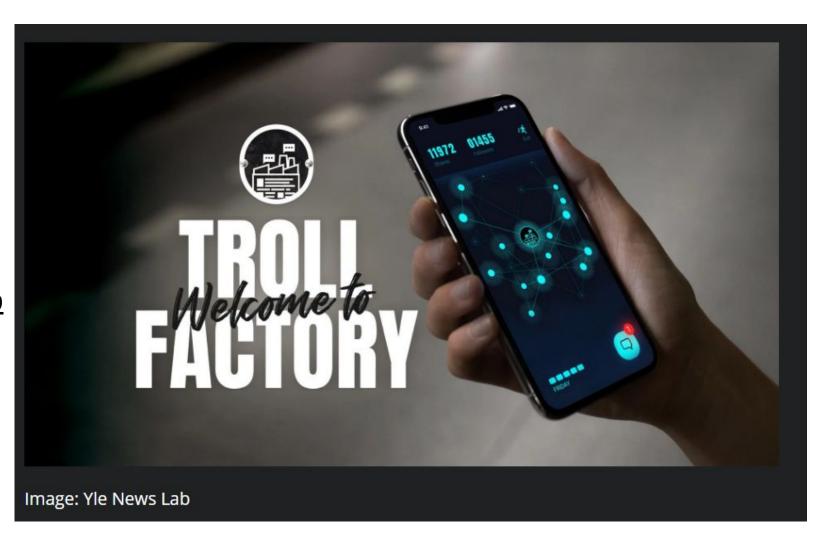
18 Teacher students and Media education students from several European and Asian countries

Home assignment: What is a troll factory?

Read Jessikka Aro's article The Cyberspace War: Propaganda and Trolling as Warfare Tools to learn more about trolls.

Test then the Troll Factory game at Troll factory https://yle.fi/news/3-109729

Write a short analysis (max. 1 page), what did you learn through the Troll Factory game. Submit your analysis in Moodle return box by 3 October.



What did students learn?

NEW CONCEPTS

"After reading the article about "cyberspace war" and also playing the Troll Factory game I started to understand what "Troll Factory" is and how it works. The mission of troll factories is to spread fake news on social media as much as possible. These kinds of trolls and bots are trying to spread propaganda and attack critics."

What did students learn?

NEW PHENOMENA

"I have seen how through just posting simple photos or short messages the information passes though lots of different people all over the world. In addition, I have seen that choosing the age group where you want to create the fake news is something really important, as the trolls analyzed what the population of that range of age is watching on their phones. Furthermore, I have seen that if you have money, it is much easier to spread the fake news, as you can get to more people."

What did students learn?

POWER OF SIMULATION – PHENOMENA BECOME REAL

"What I learned while playing the game. Pretty quickly I noticed how quickly the sharing of fake news started to spread, especially when I used hashtags in my news, I got a lot more shares, which also increased the number of followers. The most amount of shares and followers I got when I used pictures, such as different memes, in the content I produced."

"On the other hand, completing the game has made me feel in the shoes of a troll, it has made me think about the power of the media and the information we give in it. Just by uploading a few memes, fake photos and a tweet, I have been able to reach 11,000 views and increase my followers by 2000, numbers that seem insane to me to reach simply by pressing a button.

GROUP 2 love anger, Hate, Confidence Sadness, Embaracing, disappointent, logality proudness, Rejection, byane, proudness, Rejection, byane, respect, inspiration, inspired respect, inspiration, inspired aggression, Shock aggression, Frustration refusal, Frustration Amazed

POWER OF EMOTIONS

"From a personal point of view, I found the messages and memes to post quite disturbing. It is not the same if you see them online then if you are the one posting them. It was a bit uncomfortable, even if I knew that is was fake.

The damage that can be done by troll is really big and scary. And the speed in which it can be done is quite shocking"

"It is also frightening to see how quickly a message spreads and how easy it is to reach a large number of people. It is important that more people become aware and remain sceptical."

GROUP 1 y, Love, Trust, Sorrow, Fear, me, panic, Disgust, Anxiety priness, Amazement, Hope, te, Lust, Cockiness, Sadness vousness, Pride, Contentment stalgic, entightened, Timed. ggressiveness Regret, Awkword) isappointment.

POWER OF EMOTIONS

"This game was interesting in more than one way. On one side it was quite shocking to be a part of the fake news industry, even though it was not real. I felt shame, to influence people in such a way. #

"People like fun things and you can reach more people through their sense of humor. Even if the content is Inappropriate in a humorous way, it is easier to manipulate the recipient."

What did I learn?

THEORETICAL CONTENT AND THE GAME

"After reading the article, I had a better idea of the power of social media and false information. But it is really after paying the game that I was able to realise the extent of the damaged that those trolls could give and special social media makes a lot of things possible, nice ones but also bad ones."

"Based on my experience playing the game I could confirm that all the information that the article states are true. I have seen how through just posting simple photos or short messages the information passes though lots of different people all over the world. In addition, I have seen that choosing the age group where you want to create the fake news is something really important, as the trolls analyzed what the population of that range of age is watching on their phones."